BEGIN — MARCH 22, 1961

A21 (600)

ANS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD SPY

70 24

BY THOMAS A.REEDY

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THE BACKGROUND OF ALL FIVE HAD BEEN WITHHELD FROM THE JURY SO AS NOT TO JEOPARDIZE A FREE TRIAL, UNDER BRITISH PROCEDURES. SCOTLAND YARD DISCLOSED IT AFTER THE CONVICTION, AND CHIEF JUSTICE SIR ~~ROBERT~~ HUBERT LISTER PARKER IMPOSED THESE SENTENCES IN OLD BAILEY COURT:

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HE MARRIED LORNA TERESA PETRA, OF POLISH DESCENT, IN JULY, 1941 IN NORWICH, CONN., SERVED WITH THE U.S. ARMY QUARTERMASTER CORPS

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"I AM INCLINED TO THINK THAT YOURS WAS THE STRONGER CHARACTER OF THE TWO," THE JUDGE TOLD HER. "I THINK YOU ACTED FOR GREED AND THE SENTENCE UPON YOU IS THE SAME AS THAT OF HOUGHTON--15 YEARS IMPRISONMENT."

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THE SENTENCES WENT BEYOND THE PUNISHMENT OF EARLIER CASES IN BRITAIN. KLAUS FUCHS, GERMAN EMIGRE WHO BECAME A TOP NUCLEAR PHYSICIST, WAS SENTENCED TO 14 YEARS FOR IMPARTING SECRETS OF THE ATOMIC BOMB TO THE RUSSIANS. HE SERVED 10 YEARS AND NOW IS IN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

KL&P404PES

/ SMOOT DISCLOSED THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS HAVE REDUCED THEIR MANPOWER ON QUEMOY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH A 1958 PLEDGE TO THE UNITED STATES, WHILE BOLSTERING OFFSHORE DEFENSES WITH BETTER WEAPONS AND FORTIFICATIONS AND BIGGER SUPPLY STOCKS.

SMOOT AND OTHER AMERICAN EXPERTS HAVE BEEN EXPECTING COMMUNIST CHINA WILL TRY TO TEST THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION'S INTENTIONS ON DEFENDING THE SMALL QUEMOY AND MATSU ISLANDS IN SIGHT OF THE RED MAINLAND, PARTICULARLY AFTER THE CONTROVERSY OVER THEM IN THE 1960 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

BUT ALMOST SURPRISINGLY, SMOOT SAID IN AN INTERVIEW, "THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION OF ANY BUILDUP" OR OTHER ACTIVITY BY THE REDS IN THE FORMOSA STRAITS AREA OF THE KIND THAT WOULD CONCERN THE UNITED STATES.

THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS, MEANWHILE, SEEM TO BE RESERVING FINAL JUDGMENT ON THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION'S CHINA POLICY. WHILE WAITING FOR IT TO TAKE SHAPE THEY RECALL THE CAMPAIGN DEBATES BETWEEN KENNEDY AND HIS REPUBLICAN OPPONENT, RICHARD NIXON, AND THEY ARE AWARE THAT A NUMBER OF INFLUENTIAL FIGURES IN THE NEW ADMINISTRATION FAVOR A MORE CONCILIATORY STAND TOWARD PEIPING.

IN THE CAMPAIGN, KENNEDY SAID INITIALLY AMERICAN LIVES SHOULD NOT BE COMMITED TO DEFENSE OF THE ISLANDS. BOTH CANDIDATES LATER AGREED THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE TO ACT IF A COMMUNIST MOVE AGAINST THE ISLANDS, QUEMOY AND MATSU, WERE CLEARLY PART OF AN OFFFENSIVE AGAINST FORMOSA.

ACKNOWLEDGING THAT IT WOULD BE LOGICAL FOR THE COMMUNISTS TO TEST THE NEW PRESIDENT'S INTENTION, SMOOT SAID, "IF THERE HAS BEEN ANY CHINESE BUILDUP, IT WOULD SEEM TO BE FARTHER SOUTH" IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

2 AROUND THE FORMOSA STRAIT, HE SAID, THE COMMUNISTS' "WHOLE ATTITUDE HAS BEEN OF A DEFENSIVE NATURE, MAINLY REACTING TO MOVES OF THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS. JUST LET THE NATIONALISTS TURN TOWARD THE COAST (WITH THEIR AERIAL PATROLS) FARTHER THAN USUAL, AND THEY REACT.

"OTHERWISE, THEY DON'T REACT," EXPLAINED SMOOT, WHO HAS PRESIDED OVER FORMOSA DEFENSES SINCE BEFORE THE COMMUNISTS' UNSUCCESSFUL 1958 ARTILLERY WAR AGAINST QUEMOY.

SMOOT STRESSED THAT THE CRITICAL QUESTIONS FOR THE UNITED STATES, WHETHER TO DEFEND THE ISLANDS AND WHETHER A MOVE AGAINST THEM SHOULD BE CONSIDERED A PRELUDE TO INVASION OF FORMOSA, WAS FOR HIGHER AUTHORITY TO DECIDE.

HE SAID THAT IN PRINCIPLE "WE WOULD REGARD SERIOUSLY" ANY LARGE-SCALE CONCENTRATIONS OF TROOPS ON THE MAINLAND OPPOSITE THE FORMOSA STRAIT AND SUDDEN HEAVY COMMUNIST SHIP MOVEMENTS. THERE HAVE BEEN NONE, SMOOT SAID, ADDING THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD PROBABLY RESERVE JUDGMENT IF THE COMMUNISTS MERELY LOOSED A PUNISHING NEW BOMBARDMENT AGAINST QUEMOY OF THE KIND THEY USED IN A DEFIANT "SALUTE" TO VISITING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LAST JUNE.

3 THE ADMIRAL SAID THE INTENSE MAINLAND BUILDUP WHICH PRECEDED THE COMMUNIST 1958 OFFENSIVE AGAINST QUEMOY HAS NOT CONTINUED, ACCORDING TO AVAILABLE INFORMATION.

HE SAID THE NATIONALIST QUEMOY GARRISON REPORTEDLY WAS REDUCED FROM SEVEN TO SIX DIVISIONS OR BY ABOUT 12,000 SOLDIERS.

SMOOT DESCRIBED THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS AS TROUBLESOME BUT HANDY. HE SAID THIS WAS STRICTLY FROM THE MILITARY POINT OF VIEW: THAT FRIENDLY TERRITORY WHICH ADJOINS ENEMY TERRITORY IS A SOURCE OF TROUBLE BUT IS A HANDY TROUBLE SPOT WHEN IT PROVIDES AN ADDITIONAL LINE OF DEFENSE FOR MORE VITAL TERRITORY.

ACKNOWLEDGING THAT A PORTION OF U.S. MILITARY AID GOES INTO HEAVY OFFSHORE ISLAND DEFENSES, SMOOT SAID THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT TELL NATIONALIST CHINA HOW TO DEPLOY ITS FORCES, BUT DOES INSURE THE AID IS USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MUTUAL DEFENSE TREATY COVERING THE DEFENSE OF FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES BUT NOT THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS.

THE ADMIRAL CALLED NATIONALIST CHINA "AN ALLY WE SHOULD CHERISH, FOR IF NEED BE THEY WILL FIGHT AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS TO THE LAST MAN."

(END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS, MARCH 21. MOVED MARCH 18.)

AF128AES

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A109

WITH LONDON SPIES (280)

NEW YORK, MARCH 22 (AP)-PETER KROGER WAS ONCE KNOWN HERE AS "A VERY NICE GUY." HE ALSO WAS KNOWN BY THE NICKNAME "UNC." BUT HE WASN'T KNOWN AS PETER KROGER. IN THOSE DAYS HE WAS MORRIS COHEN.

AND, THOSE WHO KNEW HIM THEN COULD HARDLY HAVE BEEN MORE SURPRISED WHEN HE WAS ARRESTED ON SPY CHARGES IN ENGLAND.

COHEN WEIGHED 240 POUNDS AS A STAR GUARD ON THE UNDEFEATED 1927 FOOTBALL TEAM AT JAMES MONROE HIGH SCHOOL IN THE BRONX.

HE HAD A FIERCE DETERMINATION TO DO THINGS RIGHT, TO MAKE A GOOD IMPRESSION. FRIENDS SAID HE WAS ALWAYS PUSHING TO ACHIEVE THIS KIND OF SUCCESS. THAT'S HOW HE GOT THE NICKNAME "UNC."

SOME SAID HE WAS SO CONSCIENTIOUS ABOUT THINGS CLASSMATES ALSO CALLED HIM "CRY BABY."

IT WAS HIS HIGH SCHOOL FOOTBALL COACH WHO TERMED HIM "A VERY NICE GUY." MANY SHARED THE OPINION, AND FIGURED HE WOULD DO WELL IN THE WORLD.

COHEN SOON DRIFTED OUT OF SIGHT. FRIENDS HEARD VARIOUSLY THAT AFTER GRADUATION FROM HIGH SCHOOL HE ATTENDED THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA, PLAYED FOOTBALL AT MISSISSIPPI STATE, WAS A GRADUATE STUDENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, FOUGHT AGAINST FRANCO IN SPAIN AS A MEMBER OF THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE IN 1937, AND LATER WAS A PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHER AND WORLD WAR II VETERAN.

AND NO ONE KNEW HOW HE HAPPENED TO MARRY HIS MASSACHUSETTS-BORN WIFE, THE FORMER LORNA PETRA.

AT THEIR TRIAL IN LONDON, AUTHORITIES SAID THEY WERE LINKED WITH THE RUSSIAN SPY COL.RUDOLF ABEL FOUR YEARS AGO. ABEL NOW IS SERVING A 30-YEAR TERM IN A U.S. PRISON FOR SENDING AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS TO MOSCOW.

TRIAL TESTIMONY WAS THAT COHEN ONCE WORKED IN NEW YORK FOR AMTORG, THE RUSSIAN TRADING CORPORATION, AND THAT ABEL WAS AMONG VISITORS AT THEIR APARTMENT.

OLD FRIENDS WERE STARTLED IN ANOTHER WAY WHEN THEY SAW PICTURES OF COHEN AFTER HIS ARREST.

A SLENDER, WHITE-THATCHED MAN HAD REPLACED THE BULKY 240-POUNDER OF 34 YEARS AGO.

JB925PES

A64WX (RODDEN&TAXES AMD)

(180) NIGHT LEAD RODDEY

ALEXANDRIA, VA., MARCH 22 (AP)-ARTHUR ROGERS RODDEY, A MATHEMATICIAN ACCUSED OF LIFTING CLASSIFIED PAPERS FROM THE PENTAGON, TODAY RECEIVED AN EIGHT-YEAR SENTENCE FOR UNAUTHORIZED POSSESSION OF A SECRET DEFENSE DOCUMENT.

RODDEY HAD PLEADED GUILTY LAST MONTH TO THAT COUNT--ONE OF 12 ON WHICH HE WAS INDICTED.

FEDERAL JUDGE ALBERT V. BRYAN, IN IMPOSING SENTENCE, SAID ONLY THE GUILTY PLEA SAVED RODDEY FROM THE MAXIMUM OF 10 YEARS IN PRISON AND A $10,000 FINE. BRYAN HAD DEFERRED THE SENTENCING WHILE HE EXAMINED A PROBATION REPORT.

RODDEY, 38, WAS ARRESTED AFTER INVESTIGATORS DISCOVERED A NUMBER OF PENTAGON DOCUMENTS IN HIS HOME AT FALLS CHURCH, VA. UNTIL LAST AUGUST, HE HAD WORKED IN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT FOR A PRIVATE FIRM.

THE FBI EMPHASIZED THAT RODDEY WAS NOT CHARGED WITH SPYING NOR WORKING FOR A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, WHEN RODDEY PLEADED GUILTY, HIS LAWYER DEPICTED HIM AS SORT OF "A PAUL REVERE WANTING TO SOUND AN ALARM."

RODDEY MAINTAINED HE TOOK THE PAPERS IN ORDER TO COMPOSE A REPORT WHICH HE SAID WOULD DEMONSTRATE THAT SCIENTIFIC STUDIES WERE WATERED DOWN AT THE PENTAGON TO KEEP DEFENSE SPENDING DOWN OR TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST A PARTICULAR SERVICE. HE SAID HE WAS WORRIED ABOUT A "MISSILE GAP."

CR617PES

A7

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (400)

BY TOM OCHILTREE

GENEVA, MARCH 22 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES ASKED THE SOVIET UNION TODAY TO JOIN IN AN UNUSUAL SCIENTIFIC PARTNERSHIP AIMED AT SOLVING THE PROBLEM OF DETECTING SECRET UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTS.

ARTHUR H.DEAN, U.S. DELEGATE TO THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS, PROPOSED THAT EACH COUNTRY ALLOW THE OTHER TO EXAMINE THE WORKINGS OF NOW-SECRET ATOMIC BOMBS TO BE SET OFF UNDERGROUND. THIS WOULD ASSURE THAT NEITHER SIDE WAS USING THE TEST PROGRAM AS A COVER TO DEVELOP NEW LOW-YIELD ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE PLAN DREW NO RESPONSE FROM SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K.TSARAPKIN. WHEN THE THREE-NATION CONFERENCE RESUMED YESTERDAY AFTER A RECESS OF SEVERAL MONTHS, THE UNITED STATES OFFERED A NUMBER OF CONCESSIONS TO THE RUSSIANS, INCLUDING ONE ON THE JOINT UNDERGROUND TESTING PLAN. DEAN ELABORATED ON IT AT TODAY'S MEETING.

A YEAR AGO THE RUSSIANS APPEARED EAGER FOR A COOPERATIVE RESEARCH PROGRAM, BUT THEY BACKED AWAY AFTER THE COLLAPSE OF THE PARIS SUMMIT TALKS LAST MAY.

THE DISPUTE CENTERED ON THE LENGTH OF TIME EACH SIDE WOULD AGREE TO ABANDON SECRET UNDERGROUND TESTING OF HIROSHIMA-SIZE BOMBS OR SMALLER. THE RUSSIANS WANTED THE VOLUNTARY, UNPOLICED MORATORIUM TO LAST FOUR OR FIVE YEARS. THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN MAINTAINED 27 MONTHS WOULD BE LONG ENOUGH. NOW THE WEST, IN A CONCESSION TO MOSCOW, HAS GONE UP TO THREE YEARS.

INFORMANTS SAID DEAN TOLD THE CONFERENCE THE WEST IS TRYING "TO MEET MANY OF THE SOVIET OBJECTIONS" BY LINKING THE MORATORIUM TO THE UNDERGROUND RESEARCH IDEA.

THE AMERICAN PLAN AIMS AT FINDING OUT HOW TO TELL THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A RELATIVELY SMALL ATOMIC BLAST AND AN EARTHQUAKE LOCATED FAR FROM DETECTION INSTRUMENTS. BOTH OFTEN PRODUCE SIMILAR READINGS ON SEISMOGRAPHS.

UNTIL AN ANSWER IS FOUND, NO FOOLPROOF ARRANGEMENTS FOR POLICING A BAN ON UNDERGROUND ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPON TESTS CAN BE ACHIEVED.

SINCE THE SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION ON DETECTING SUCH TESTS IS INCOMPLETE, THE MORATORIUM WOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A RESEARCH PROGRAM INVOLVING THE EXPLOSION OF BOTH CONVENTIONAL AND NUCLEAR BOMBS.

DEAN SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD ALLOW SOVIET TECHNICIANS TO LOOK AT AMERICAN NUCLEAR DEVICES SET ASIDE FOR THIS RESEARCH. THE RUSSIANS WOULD WITNESS THE EXPLOSIONS THEMSELVES AND BE LINKED WITH EVERY PHASE OF THE PROGRAM. AT THE END THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION WOULD SHARE THE FINDINGS.

SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT WOULD REQUIRE CONGRESSIONAL AMENDMENT OF THE U.S. ATOMIC SECRETS LAW. DEAN SAID PRESIDENT KENNEDY WOULD PROPOSE AMENDMENTS TO COVER THE RESEARCH PROGRAM.

TSARAPKIN KEPT MUM INSIDE THE CONFERENCE ROOM. OUTSIDE, HE TOLD REPORTERS THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN SHOULD DO SOMETHING ABOUT STOPPING FRENCH ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS, A THEME HE SPRANG ON THE WEST YESTERDAY FOR THE FIRST TIME.

ASKED BY A NEWSMAN WHAT HE THINKS THE U.S. AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS CAN DO ABOUT FRENCH TESTING, HE REPLIED: "THAT IS UP TO THEM. THAT IS THEIR BUSINESS, NOT OURS."

P243PES

A118

WITH GENEVA (140)

MOSCOW, MARCH 22 (AP)-IZVESTIA'S GENEVA CORRESPONDENT COMPLAINED TODAY THAT HE AND HIS COLLEAGUE FROM PRAVDA WERE BARRED FROM A BRITISH-AMERICAN NEWS CONFERENCE AT THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN MEETING.

"THIS EPISODE HAS A SPECIAL CONNOTATION IN THAT THE UNITED STATES IS SPREADING REPORTS THAT IT HAS SUBMITTED NEW PROPOSALS," WROTE MIKHAIL MIKHAILOV IN THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER.

THE SOVIET PRESS HAS NOT YET REPORTED THE NEW WESTERN PLAN AND TODAY'S DISPATCH FROM GENEVA MERELY REMARKED THAT U.S. DELEGATE

ARTHUR DEAN "MENTIONED SOME PROPOSALS FORMULATED IN GENERAL TERMS."
MIKHAILOV SAID THE U.S. DELEGATION WAS RETREATING FROM INDEFENSIBLE POSITIONS BUT "WAS NOT OPENING THE WAY TO ANY AGREEMENT."
AS FOR THE PRESS TREATMENT, HE SAID IT WAS SIMILAR TO THAT ACCORDED SOVIET JOURNALISTS IN THE UNITED STATES. HE SAID WHEN HE APPROACHED THE ROOM WHERE THE CONFERENCE WAS BEING HELD HE WAS TOLD IT WAS ONLY FOR WESTERN CORRESPONDENTS.

A133 JB050PES

PARIS, MARCH 22 (AP)-DIRECTORS OF THE FRENCH SPACE RESEARCH PROGRAM SAID TODAY FRANCE HAS DEVELOPED A NEW AND MORE POWERFUL ROCKET, NAMED THE CENTAUR.
OFFICIALS AT THE DEFENSE MINISTRY CONFIRMED EXISTENCE OF THE NEW ROCKET BUT SAID ONLY THAT IT IS MORE POWERFUL THAN THE VERONIQUE WHICH THE SPACE RESEARCH PROGRAM HAS UTILIZED UP TO NOW.
THE VERONIQUE CAN PROPEL A LOAD OF ABOUT 132 POUNDS TO A HEIGHT OF MORE THAN 125 MILES.

VS1033PES

1961

A57UN

U R G E N T
NIGHT LEAD U.N.
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MARCH 22 (AP)-U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE ADLAI E. STEVENSON SAID HE AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO FOUND A CONSIDERABLE AREA OF AGREEMENT TODAY IN A DISCUSSION OF HOW TO PROCEED TOWARD DISARMAMENT.
BUT HE ALSO TOLD REPORTERS THAT AGREEMENT WAS "BY NO MEANS COMPLETE." HE TALKED WITH NEWSMEN AFTER MEETING PRIVATELY FOR AN HOUR AND THREE-QUARTERS WITH GROMYKO AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER ~~ANDREI A. GROMYKO~~ VALERIAN A. ZORIN.
STEVENSON SAID HE THOUGHT THERE WAS AN UNDERSTANDING THAT NEW DISARMAMENT TALKS SHOULD TAKE PLACE IN GENEVA, WHERE THE SOVIET SIDE WALKED OUT ON THE OLD 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE LAST JUNE 27.
BUT HE SAID THERE WERE STILL DIFFERENCES OVER THE MAKEUP OF THE NEW DISARMAMENT GROUP, THE TIME FOR RESUMPTION OF NEGOTIATIONS AND THE PRINCIPLES TO GOVERN THEM.
STEVENSON SAID THE TALK WAS NOT AFFECTED BY THE BITTER EXCHANGE HE AND GROMYKO HAD IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY YESTERDAY OVER THE CONGO.
"WE TURNED OVER A NEW LEAF," HE EXPLAINED.
HE SAID LAOS DID NOT COME UP IN THE CONVERSATION.
THE MEETING TOOK PLACE IN THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL, A POST STEVENSON HOLDS THIS MONTH.
IT WAS HIS FOURTH MEETING WITH GROMYKO IN THE LAST THREE WEEKS, NOT COUNTING THE LUNCHEON SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK GAVE FOR GROMYKO AND STEVENSON IN WASHINGTON SATURDAY.
STEVENSON SAID THEY DISCUSSED DISARMAMENT AND HOW THE MATTER SHOULD BE TREATED IN THE ASSEMBLY'S CURRENT SESSION.
"WE DISCUSSED TWO DRAFTS OF RESOLUTIONS," HE SAID, "AND FOUND THE AREA OF AGREEMENT CONSIDERABLE BUT BY NO MEANS COMPLETE.
"THE PROBABILITY IS THAT WE WILL HAVE A FURTHER TALK ABOUT IT VERY SOON."
ASKED IF THERE HAD BEEN PROGRESS, STEVENSON REPLIED:
"THE UNDERSTANDING OF THE DIFFERENCES HAS INCREASED SINCE LAST TIME, BUT THERE ARE DIFFERENCES NO ONE SHOULD DISGUISE."
A REPORTER ASKED IF THEIR TALKS WERE BASED ON A PROPOSED COMPROMISE DISARMAMENT RESOLUTION PROMOTED BY INDIA BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY'S YEAR-END RECESS. STEVENSON SAID:
"WE'RE DISCUSSING AN ENTIRELY DIFFERENT FORM OF RESOLUTION THAT WE MIGHT COMPROMISE ON AND SUBMIT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN LIEU OF ALL THE PENDING RESOLUTIONS."

JB613PES

A75'

BULLETIN
LONDON, THURSDAY, MARCH 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED EARLY TODAY IT WILL HAVE A TOP-LEVEL MEETING WITH FOREIGN AND DEFENSE MINISTERS OF SATELLITE POWERS IN MOSCOW MARCH 28.
THE BRIEF ANNOUNCEMENT BROADCAST BY MOSCOW RADIO SPECIFIED NO PARTICULAR TOPIC FOR DISCUSSION.
THE TEXT OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT:
"THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WARSAW TREATY COUNTRIES HAVE DECIDED TO CALL A TOP-LEVEL MEETING OF THE TREATY'S POLITICAL CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE IN MOSCOW ON MARCH 28, 1961, TO BE ATTENDED BY THE MINISTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, THE MINISTERS OF DEFENSE AND THE SUPREME COMMANDER OF THE UNIFIED ARMED FORCES."

JB724PES

WASHINGTON, MARCH 22 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON TODAY APPOINTED THE 10 MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.
THE GROUP OF PRIVATE CITIZENS IS TO MEET PERIODICALLY TO DISCUSS MEANS OF PROMOTING GREATER COOPERATION AMONG THE NATO MEMBERS.
THE APPOINTEES ARE:
CHARLES WILLIAM ENGELHARD JR., INDUSTRIALIST, OF FAR HILL, N.J.; ELMO B. ROPER JR. OF CONNECTICUT, THE POLITICAL POLLSTER; DOUGLAS WYNN, GREENVILLE, MISS., LAWYER; EDITH S. SAMPSON, CHICAGO LAWYER AND NEGRO LEADER; ALEX WARDEN, OF MONTANA, PUBLISHER OF THE GREAT FALLS TRIBUNE;
CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, OF MASSACHUSETTS, FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE; FORMER SEN. WILLIAM F. KNOWLAND, OF CALIFORNIA; BEN REGAN, CHICAGO BUSINESSMAN; DAVID ROCKEFELLER, OF NEW YORK; AND DR. FRANCIS S. HUTCHINS PRESIDENT OF BEREA (KY) COLLEGE.

EG1031PES

1961

A68WX

(300) NIGHT LEAD PEACE CORPS
BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 22 (AP)-R. SARGENT SHRIVER TODAY WON SENATE PRAISE AND OFFICIAL APPROVAL AS DIRECTOR OF THE PEACE CORPS.
LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES COMPLIMENTED SHRIVER AS THE SENATE CONFIRMED WITHOUT DISSENT HIS APPOINTMENT TO HEAD THE NATION'S NEWEST EXPERIMENT IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.
SHRIVER, 45-YEAR-OLD BROTHER-IN-LAW OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY--WHO CHOSE HIM FOR THE POST--HAS BEEN ACTIVE IN ORGANIZING THE CORPS SINCE BEFORE IT WAS CREATED FORMALLY ON MARCH 1. HE WILL CONTINUE TO SERVE WITHOUT PAY.
SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, SHRIVER'S HOME STATE, NOTED THERE HAS BEEN SOME CONTROVERSY ABOUT THE PEACE CORPS BUT SAID SHRIVER IS "MINDFUL OF THE DANGERS AND THINKS THEY CAN BE SURMOUNTED."
SHRIVER, DIRKSEN TOLD THE FEW SENATORS PRESENT AT THE TIME, WILL BRING DEDICATION TO THE JOB. HE SAID SHRIVER HAD GIVEN ASSURANCES THAT THE CORPS' VOLUNTEERS WILL BE CAREFULLY SCREENED.
DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA HAD EXPRESSED HOPE THAT MEMBERS WOULD BE RECRUITED CAUTIOUSLY IN ORDER TO ASSEMBLE THE BEST POSSIBLE TYPE OF CORPS.
MANSFIELD SAID MEN AND WOMEN IN THE CORPS WILL, IN EFFECT, BE AMBASSADORS IN THE COUNTRY THEY SERVE.
KENNEDY SET UP THE CORPS ON A TEMPORARY BASIS AND ASKED CONGRESS TO MAKE IT PERMANENT. SHRIVER REPORTED THAT 17,300 PROSPECTIVE APPLICANTS ALREADY HAVE WRITTEN CORPS HEADQUARTERS.
THOSE SELECTED WILL GO TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES THAT INVITE THEM TO TEACH, HELP DEVELOP EFFICIENT FARM TECHNIQUES AND ORGANIZE COMMUNITY SERVICES IN HEALTH AND OTHER FIELDS. MEMBERS OF THE CORPS WILL RECEIVE ALLOWANCES FOR THE COST OF LIVING ON NO GRANDER A SCALE THAN THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN THE LOCALITY TO WHICH THEY ARE ASSIGNED. ON RETURN

TO THE UNITED STATES, AFTER AT LEAST ONE YEAR ABROAD, THEY WILL RECEIVE $50 FOR EACH MONTH OF SERVICE.

SHRIVER IS A FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE CHICAGO BOARD OF EDUCATION AND ASSISTANT MANAGER OF THE MERCHANDISE MART, THE KENNEDY FAMILY'S BIG STORE IN CHICAGO. A LAWYER, HE IS A 1938 GRADUATE OF YALE.

A12WX EG642PES

(730) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD KENNEDY-AID
BY STANLEY MEISLER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 22 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS TODAY FOR A SWEEPING REVISION OF THE FOREIGN AID PROGRAM BECAUSE "WE LIVE AT A VERY SPECIAL MOMENT IN HISTORY."

THE HEART OF THE PRESIDENT'S PLAN: HELP TO "THE SOUTHERN HALF OF THE GLOBE" ON A LONG-TERM BASIS, FREEING THE PRESIDENT FROM BATTLING YEAR AFTER YEAR TO PUSH FOREIGN AID THROUGH CONGRESS.

SPECIFICALLY HE ASKED FOR $7.3 BILLION FOR A NEW FOREIGN AID AGENCY TO MAKE LOANS DURING THE NEXT FIVE YEARS, MOSTLY TO THE WORLD'S UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS.

KENNEDY DID NOT GIVE A DOLLAR ESTIMATE FOR HIS TOTAL PROGRAM. BUT OTHER OFFICIALS GUESSED IT WOULD COME TO SEVERAL TIMES THE $7.3 BILLION EARMARKED FOR ECONOMIC LOANS DURING THE FIRST FIVE YEARS.

FOR THE COMING YEAR, HE ASKED ONLY THE $4 BILLION ORIGINALLY PROPOSED BY FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER IN HIS BUDGET.

IN HIS MESSAGE, KENNEDY DISPLAYED MORE CONCERN WITH CONCEPTS THAN WITH MONEY. HE ASKED CONGRESS FOR THE BIGGEST OVERHAUL IN FOREIGN AID PROGRAMMING SINCE THE MARSHALL PLAN STARTED IN 1948.

THE REACTION FROM CONGRESS FOLLOWED EXPECTED LINES. THOSE SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES NORMALLY IN FAVOR OF FOREIGN AID PRAISED KENNEDY'S MESSAGE. OTHERS CRITICIZED IT.

PARTY AFFILIATION DID NOT SEEM TO AFFECT REACTION. SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS, R-N.Y., SAID THE MESSAGE "PRESENTS A PERCEPTIVE AND STATESMANLIKE PROGRAM IN THE BEST BIPARTISAN TRADITION."

BUT SEN. ALLEN J. ELLENDER, D-LA., SAID OF THE PROGRAM: "TOO MUCH, TOO MUCH."

KENNEDY SAID "THE 1960'S CAN BE -- AND MUST BE -- THE CRUCIAL 'DECADE OF DEVELOPMENT'."

HE DEFINED THIS DECADE AS "THE PERIOD WHEN MANY LESS-DEVELOPED NATIONS MAKE THE TRANSITION INTO SELF-SUSTAINED GROWTH" AND "AN ENLARGED COMMUNITY OF FREE, STABLE AND SELF-RELIANT NATIONS CAN REDUCE WORLD TENSIONS AND INSECURITY."

THE PRESIDENT SAID THE 1960S OFFER AN HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY FOR THE INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS TO PUT HALF THE UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS ON A SELF-SUSTAINING BASIS AND TO MOVE THE REST CLOSER TO THE DAY WHEN THEY NO LONGER WILL NEED AID.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MORAL, ECONOMIC, AND POLITICAL OBLIGATIONS TO CONTINUE FOREIGN AID.

"TO FAIL TO MEET THOSE OBLIGATIONS NOW WOULD BE DISASTROUS," KENNEDY SAID, "AND, IN THE LONG RUN, MORE EXPENSIVE."

KENNEDY PROPOSED:

1. A SINGLE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY, REPORTING TO THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF STATE, TO TAKE OVER THE FUNCTIONS OF THESE AGENCIES:

THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND, THE FOOD FOR PEACE GROUP, SOME BRANCHES OF THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK, AND THE PEACE CORPS.

KENNEDY SAID THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AID IS "BUREAUCRACTICALLY FRAGMENTED, AWKWARD AND SLOW,...DIFFUSED OVER A HAPHAZARD AND IRRATIONAL STRUCTURE."

2. A FIVE-YEAR BASIS FOR PART OF THE PROGRAM. THIS WOULD INCLUDE FIVE-YEAR AUTHORIZATION FOR THE NEW AGENCY AND AUTHORITY FOR IT TO BORROW DIRECTLY FROM THE TREASURY TO MAKE LOANS DURING THE NEXT FIVE FISCAL YEARS.

KENNEDY ASKED THAT THE AGENCY BE ALLOWED TO BORROW $900 MILLION IN THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1 AND $1.6 BILLION A YEAR IN THE NEXT FOUR FISCAL YEARS.

THESE LOANS WOULD GO TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES FOR UP TO 50 YEARS. WITH NO INTEREST OR PERHAPS LOW INTEREST UP TO 2 PER CENT, THE LOANS WOULD BE REPAID IN DOLLARS.

THE FIVE-YEAR BORROWING AUTHORITY COULD STIR UP THE MOST CONTROVERSY IN CONGRESS. IN THE PAST, CONGRESS HAS REFUSED TO APPROVE REQUESTS FOR FOREIGN AID AGENCIES TO BORROW DIRECTLY FROM THE TREASURY INSTEAD OF COMING TO CONGRESS EACH YEAR TO REQUEST SPECIFIC APPROPRIATIONS. CRITICS CALL TREASURY BORROWING "BACK DOOR FINANCING."

KENNEDY, HOWEVER, TOLD CONGRESS: "PIECEMEAL PROJECTS, HASTILY DESIGNED TO MATCH THE RHYTHM OF THE FISCAL YEAR, ARE NO SUBSTITUTE FOR ORDERLY LONG-TERM PLANNING."

3. SEPARATION OF ARMS ASSISTANCE FROM ECONOMIC AID. KENNEDY SAID THAT MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS, WHICH NOW RUN TO $2 BILLION A YEAR, WOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE DEFENSE BUDGET INSTEAD OF THE FOREIGN AID BUDGET.

"MOREOVER," KENNEDY SAID, "TO THE EXTENT THAT WORLD SECURITY CONDITIONS PERMIT, MILITARY ASSISTANCE WILL IN THE FUTURE MORE HEAVILY EMPHASIZE THE INTERNAL SECURITY, CIVIL WORKS AND ECONOMIC GROWTH OF THE NATIONS THUS AIDED."

IN ADDITION, THE PRESIDENT, WHILE RESHUFFLING FORMER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S $4 BILLION FOREIGN AID REQUEST, SAID THE MILITARY SHARE OF THAT REQUEST WOULD BE REDUCED FROM $1.8 BILLION TO $1.6 BILLION.

4. AID SHOULD BE IN THE FORM OF "A CAREFULLY THOUGHT THROUGH PROGRAM TAILORED TO MEET THE NEEDS AND THE RESOURCE POTENTIAL OF EACH INDIVIDUAL COUNTRY, INSTEAD OF A SERIES OF INDIVIDUAL, UNRELATED PROJECTS."

KENNEDY EMPHASIZED, HOWEVER, THAT THESE RECIPIENT NATIONS MUST DEMONSTRATE "THEY ARE WILLING TO UNDERTAKE NECESSARY INTERNAL REFORM AND SELF-HELP."

THE UNITED STATES, KENNEDY SAID, SHOULD PAY "SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THOSE NATIONS MOST WILLING AND ABLE TO MOBILIZE THEIR OWN RESOURCES, MAKE NECESSARY SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC REFORMS, ENGAGE IN LONG-RANGE PLANNING, AND MAKE THE OTHER EFFORTS NECESSARY IF THESE ARE TO REACH THE STAGE OF SELF-SUSTAINING GROWTH."

5. A PROGRAM TO ENCOURAGE AN INCREASED EFFORT BY OTHER INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS TO HELP UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

A83 RZ312PES

1961

PRECEDE NEW YORK AID A63
BY JOHN O. KOEHLER

BONN, GERMANY, MARCH 22 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES HOPES THE MAJOR WESTERN INDUSTRIAL NATIONS WILL SPEND ABOUT $7.5 BILLION DOLLARS A YEAR TO AID UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS, GEORGE W. BALL, U.S. UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SAID TODAY.

BALL, WHO JUST CONCLUDED THREE DAYS OF TALKS WITH THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, SAID THIS SUM REPRESENTS ABOUT ONE PER CENT OF THE GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OF EACH OF THE 10 MEMBER NATIONS OF THE DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE GROUP (DAG).

BALL TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE UNITED STATES WOULD PROPOSE SUCH A PROGRAM AT THE DAG MEETING IN LONDON NEXT WEEK. THE GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT IS THE TOTAL VALUE OF A NATION'S PRODUCTION AND SERVICES PERFORMED.

BALL SAID ONE PER CENT WAS SUGGESTED AS A GUIDE FOR THE COUNTRIES PREPARING TO AID UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES. THE PERCENTAGE FIGURE WAS DISCUSSED AT TALKS HERE ALTHOUGH NO ACTUAL MONEY FIGURES WERE MENTIONED, HE SAID.

HIS DISCLOSURE CAME AFTER THE NEW YORK TIMES PRINTED A SIMILAR REPORT IN A DISPATCH FROM PARIS.

THE DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE GROUP CONSISTS OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY, PORTUGAL, WEST GERMANY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND JAPAN.

BALL SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD MAKE A NUMBER OF OTHER PROPOSALS AT THE LONDON MEETING NEXT WEEK BUT HE DECLINED TO GIVE DETAILS.

HE DID, HOWEVER, SAY THE PROPOSALS WOULD BE AIMED AT STRENGTHENING

THE OPERATIONS OF DAG, WHICH EVENTUALLY WILL BECOME THE DEVELOPMENT AID COMMITTEE OF THE NEWLY CREATED ORGANIZATION OF ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT.

THE MAIN PURPOSE OF DAG, BALL EXPLAINED, IS TO GATHER INFORMATION ON HOW MEMBER NATIONS NOW ARE HELPING LESS FORTUNATE LANDS.

"THERE IS NO INTENTION OF MAKING DAG SOME SORT OF LENDING CLUB," HE MAINTAINED.

BALL DESCRIBED THE GROUP AS A FORUM WHERE COMMON AID PROBLEMS CAN BE DISCUSSED.

A JOINT COMMUNIQUE ON THE BONN ECONOMIC TALKS, LED ON THE GERMAN SIDE BY DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER HILGER VAN SCHERPENBERG, SAID THE DISCUSSIONS WERE HELD ON AN INFORMAL BASIS AND WERE "FRANK AND FRIENDLY."

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE MEETINGS DEALT ALMOST ENTIRELY WITH PROPOSALS THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO PRESENT AT THE DAG CONFERENCE.

BALL ALSO MET WITH ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD AND FINANCE MINISTER FRANZ ETZEL.

1961

A139WX FF558AES

FLIERS (330)

BY EDWIN B. HAAKINSON

WASHINGTON, MARCH 22 (AP)-THE TWO RB47 FLIERS RELEASED BY THE RUSSIANS EARLIER THIS YEAR WERE QUESTIONED BY SENATORS TODAY AND SEN. JOHN STENNIS, D-MISS., SAID NO STATEMENT WOULD BE MADE ON THEIR TESTIMONY.

STENNIS AND SEN. STYLES BRIDGES, R-N.H., WHO HAD URGED A SPECIAL INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT, DISCLOSED THEY HAD QUESTIONED THE TWO RETURNED PILOTS AT THE PENTAGON. STENNIS HEADS A SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE.

"THESE OFFICERS GAVE US THEIR STORY OF THE INCIDENT AND OF THEIR TREATMENT IN THE SOVIET UNION AND RESPONDED FULLY AND SATISFACTORILY TO QUESTIONS WE ASKED THEM," STENNIS SAID IN A STATEMENT WHICH ADDED:

"FOR SECURITY REASONS WE PLAN TO ISSUE NO FURTHER STATEMENT ON THIS MATTER."

THE FLIERS, AIR FORCE CAPT. FREEMAN B. OLMSTEAD AND JOHN R. MCKONE, WERE FREED BY THE RUSSIANS JAN. 25 AFTER SEVEN MONTHS OF SOLITARY CONFINEMENT IN A MOSCOW PRISON. THEY WERE FLOWN HERE FOR QUESTIONING BY THE TWO-SENATORS.

STENNIS SAID HE AND BRIDGES HAD LUNCH WITH THE OFFICERS AND SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA AT THE PENTAGON. LATER A PENTAGON SECURITY OFFICER SAT IN AS THE SENATORS QUESTIONED OLMSTEAD AND MCKONE.

BRIDGES EARLIER THIS MONTH ASKED CHAIRMAN RICHARD B. RUSSELL, D-GA., OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE FOR A FULL INQUIRY INTO RETURN OF THE MEN WHO HAD BEEN SHOT DOWN BY THE SOVIETS IN THE BARENTS SEA AREA LAST JULY. BRIDGES QUESTIONED WHETHER THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION MADE ANY CONCESSIONS TO LIBERATE OLMSTEAD AND MCKONE.

THEY WERE THE ONLY KNOWN SURVIVORS OF A SIX-MAN CREW. THE PILOT DIED AND HIS BODY WAS RETURNED BY THE RUSSIANS.

RELEASE OF THE TWO PILOTS WAS REGARDED WIDELY AS A GESTURE TOWARD BETTER RELATIONS BETWEEN THE NEW ADMINISTRATION AND THE SOVIETS.

BRIDGES THEN SAID THE SENATE "SHOULD KNOW THE DETAILS OF ANY AGREEMENT WHICH LED TO THEIR RELEASE, BECAUSE ANY SUCH AGREEMENTS ARE LIKELY TO HAVE A SIGNIFICANT BEARING ON U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS."

LATER THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, IN ITS PUBLICATION "BATTLE LINE," SUGGESTED THAT CONGRESS SHOULD LOOK INTO POSSIBLE CONCESSIONS MADE TO THE RUSSIANS AND SECRECY SURROUNDING THE FLIERS' RELEASE.

FOR SOME TIME INTERVIEWS WERE BARRED, BUT OLMSTEAD AND MCKONE GAVE A DETAILED ACCOUNT OF THEIR EXPERIENCES TO NEWS MEDIA AT FORBES AIR FORCE BASE NEAR TOPEKA, KAN., ON MARCH 3.

BRIDGES COULD NOT BE REACHED IMMEDIATELY AFTER STENNIS ISSUED THEIR JOINT STATEMENT.

EG1054PES

A149KX

(260)

BERKELEY, CALIF., MARCH 22 (AP)-FRANK WILKINSON, LEFTIST FOE OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES, ADDRESSED AN OVERFLOW CROWD ON THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA CAMPUS TODAY WITHOUT INCIDENT, ALTHOUGH HIS APPEARANCE HAD BEEN VIGOROUSLY PROTESTED.

CAMPUS POLICE WERE ON DUTY AT THE HALL, EXPECTING A PICKET LINE AND DEMONSTRATIONS, BUT NONE DEVELOPED.

ONE THOUSAND PERSONS CROWDED THE AUDITORIUM. MORE THAN A THOUSAND MORE LISTENED TO A LOUDSPEAKER.

WILKINSON, CONVICTED OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS FOR REFUSING TO ANSWER UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITY COMMITTEE QUESTIONS ABOUT COMMUNISM, WAS INVITED BY A SMALL CAMPUS GROUP TO MAKE THE NOON TALK.

WILKINSON DENIED HE EITHER LED OR HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH A STUDENT DEMONSTRATION IN SAN FRANCISCO LAST MAY.

HE REFERRED TO CITY HALL RIOTS DURING HEARINGS BY THE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE.

WILKINSON SHARPLY CRITICIZED A FILM, "OPERATION ABOLITION," WHICH PURPORTS TO SHOW THAT COMMUNIST AGITATORS DUPED STUDENTS INTO RIOTING. HE APPEARED IN THE FILM.

"I HAD NOTHING WHATSOEVER TO DO WITH IT (THE RIOT)," WILKINSON SAID.

"THE CHARGE IS AN ABSOLUTE LIE AND JUST ONE OF THE MANY BASIC FALSEHOODS AND DISTORTIONS CARRIED BY THIS FILM.

"BECEAUSE OF THIS FILM, MY HOME WAS BOMBED AND MY 14-YEAR-OLD DAUGHTER MISSED BEING KILLED BY ONLY A MINUTE," HE SAID.

YESTERDAY GOV. EDMUND G. BROWN TURNED DOWN REQUESTS TO HAVE WILKINSON BARRED FROM MAKING THE CAMPUS TALK. THE PROTESTS WERE MADE BY TWO BAPTIST MINISTERS WHO LED A MOTORCADE OF 300 PERSONS TO SACRAMENTO FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

GC1038PCS

End March 22, 1961